

RSCCにおける 高エネルギー原子核物理実験データ解析

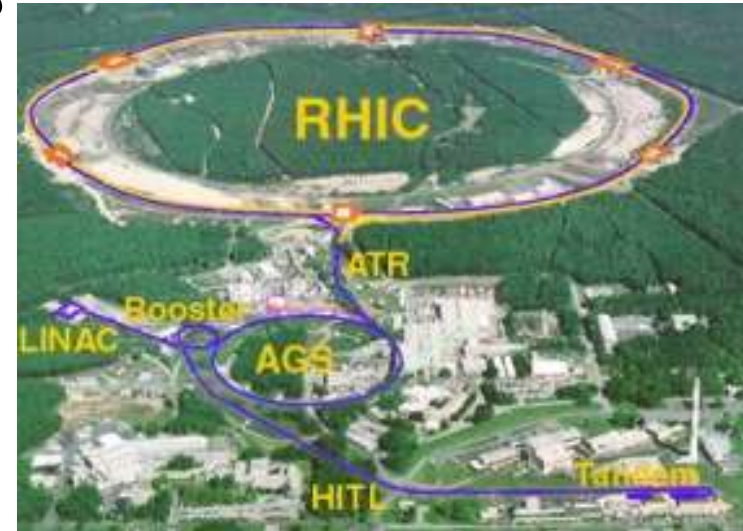
理化学研究所 放射線研究室 四日市 悟
S. Yokkaichi, Radiation Lab., RIKEN

- めざす物理
- 原子核／素粒子物理実験
のデータの特徴
- RSCCでの計算：この一年
- これから



放射線研究室の activity

- ハドロン物理 hadronic physics
 - 陽子、中性子、 π , K etc.
 - 3 or 2個のクォーク：閉じ込めの謎
 - Why and how ?
- RHIC/PHENIX at BNL(in USA)
- KEK-PS
- CCJ (computing center in Japan) since 1999



CPU farm
(332 CPU)

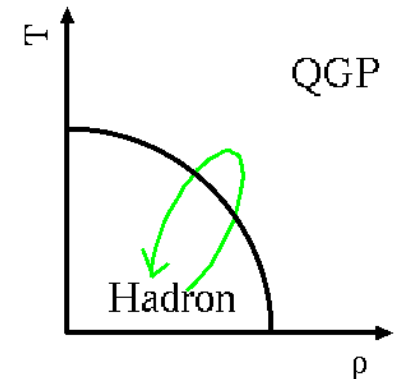
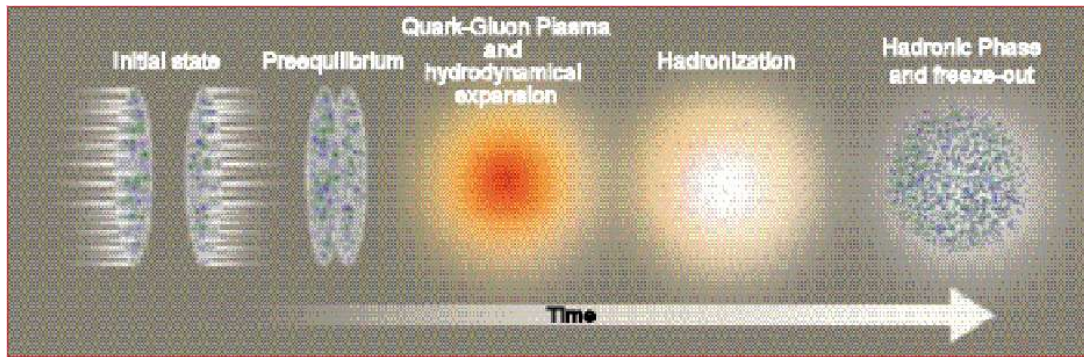


tape robot
(600TB)



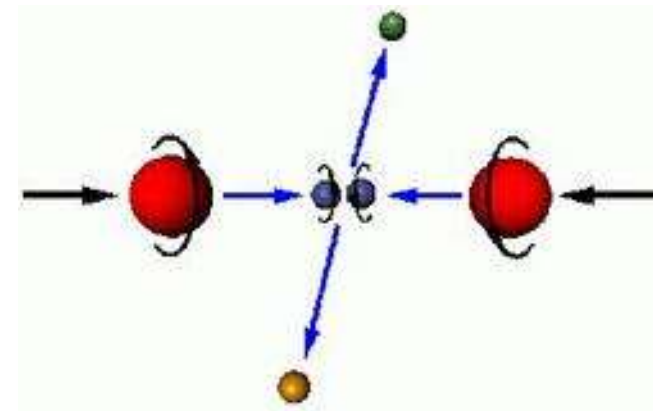
現在のテーマ

- クォークグルオンプラズマの探索
 - published paper 24(+10),
~100 of conference proceedings

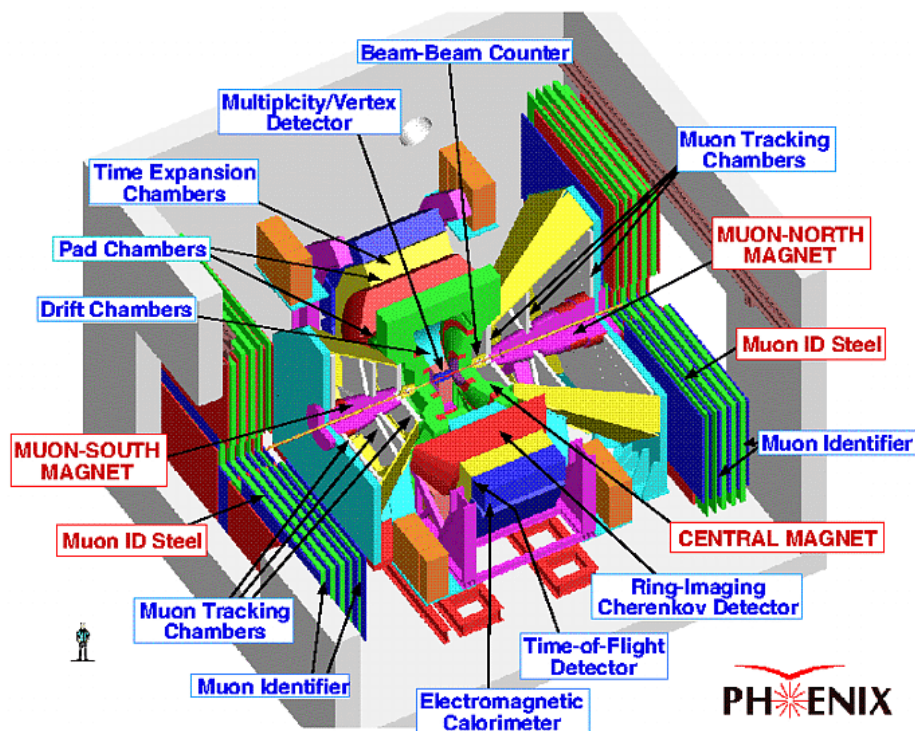


- 核子のスピンの起源の探索
 - first result from 2003 data
- proton spin = $1/2 = (1/2)\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_Q + L_G$

$\Delta\Sigma$: Quark Spin $\sim 0.2-0.3$
- 原子核中でのカイラル対称性の回復 (KEK-PS)



RHIC/PHENIX experiment



- 2000年より実験開始

- あと5-15年は続く

- $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

- 重イオン衝突(Au-Au) : クォークグルオンプラズマ(QGP)
 - 偏極陽子衝突(p-p) : 核子(陽子)のスピンの構造

RIKEN symposium, 05Mar15, S. Yokkaichi



Detector

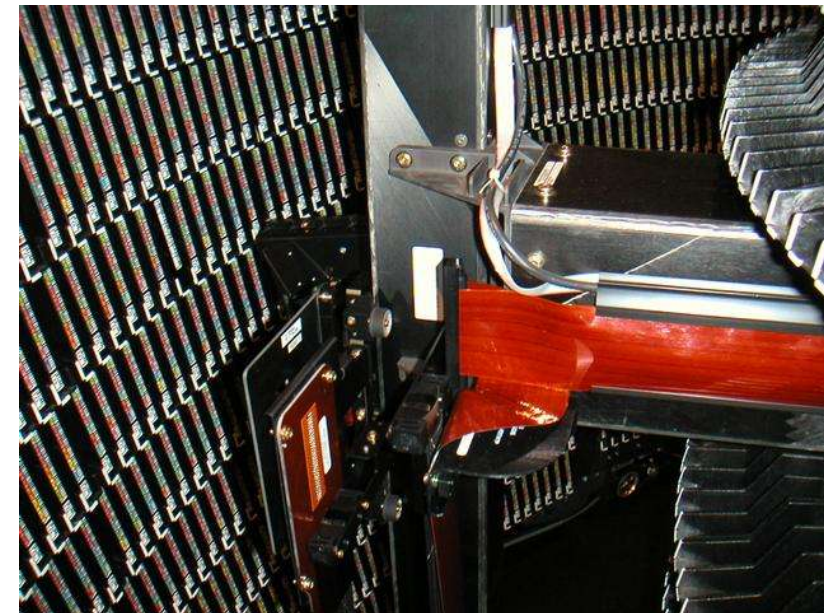


counting house

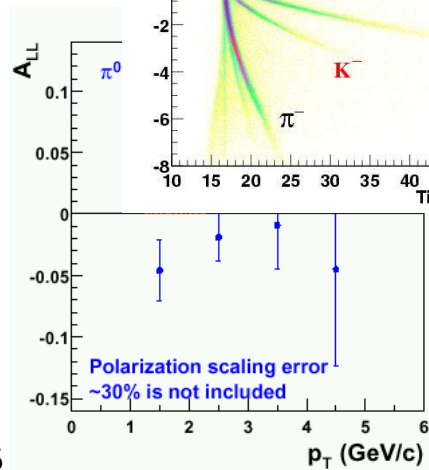
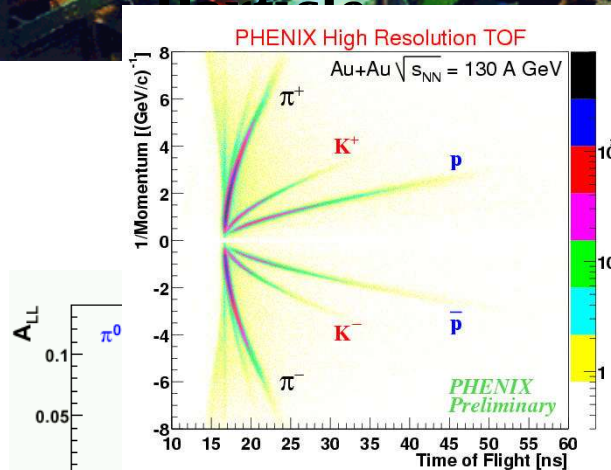
cpu server



tape robot



RIKEN symposium, 05Mar15, S. Yokkaichi

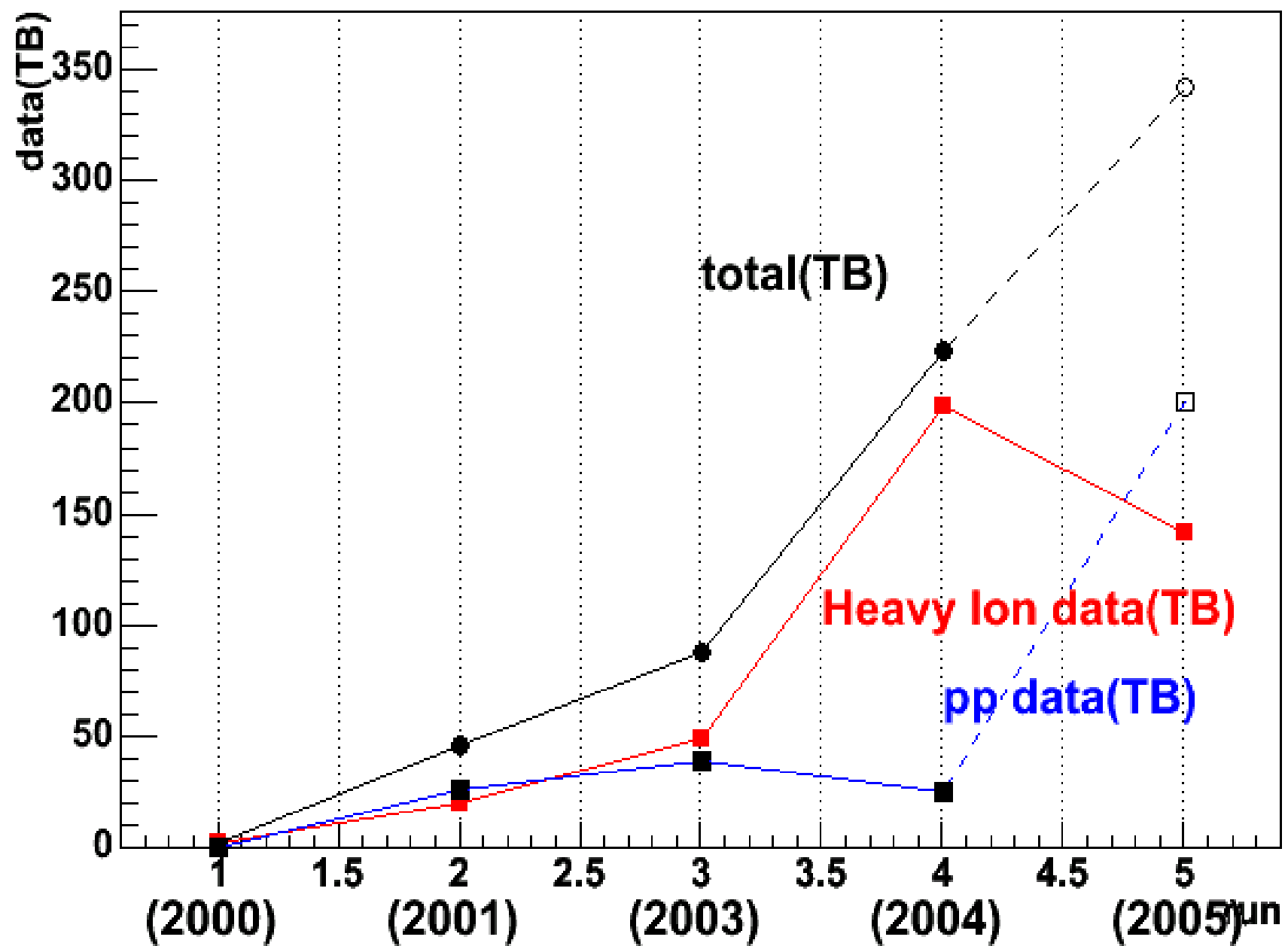


result

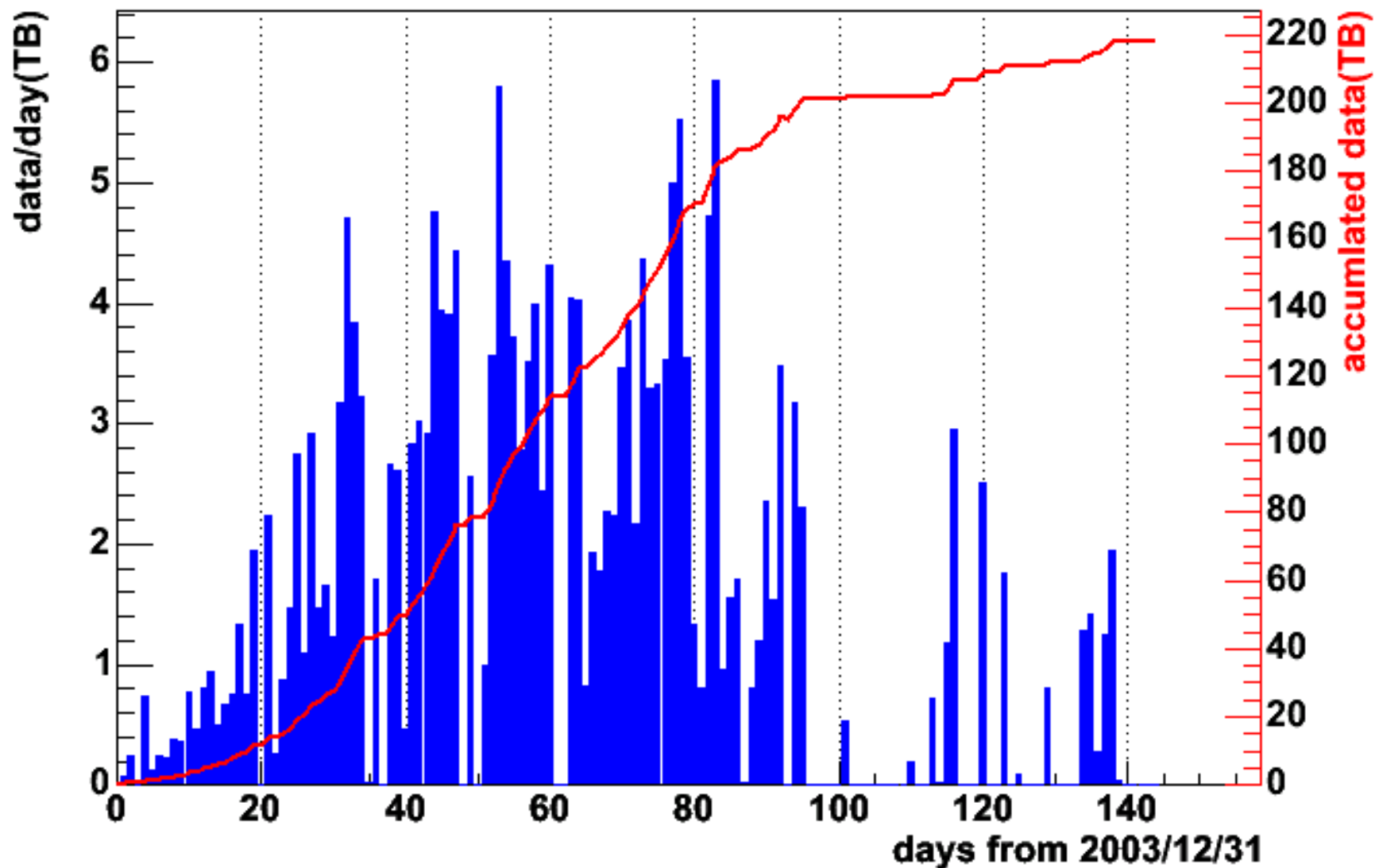
原子核／素粒子物理実験のデータの特徴

- Event構造
 - 相関をもたない構造のくりかえし
 - たくさんのCPUにふりわけても相互間の通信はない
 - ただし dataの読み書き／DBserverとの通信が一点に集中しがち
- Data量／file数が大量
 - 220TB/13万file (PHENIX Run4(2004))
 - 300KB/event → 700M event
 - Job数も大量

phenix rawdata size



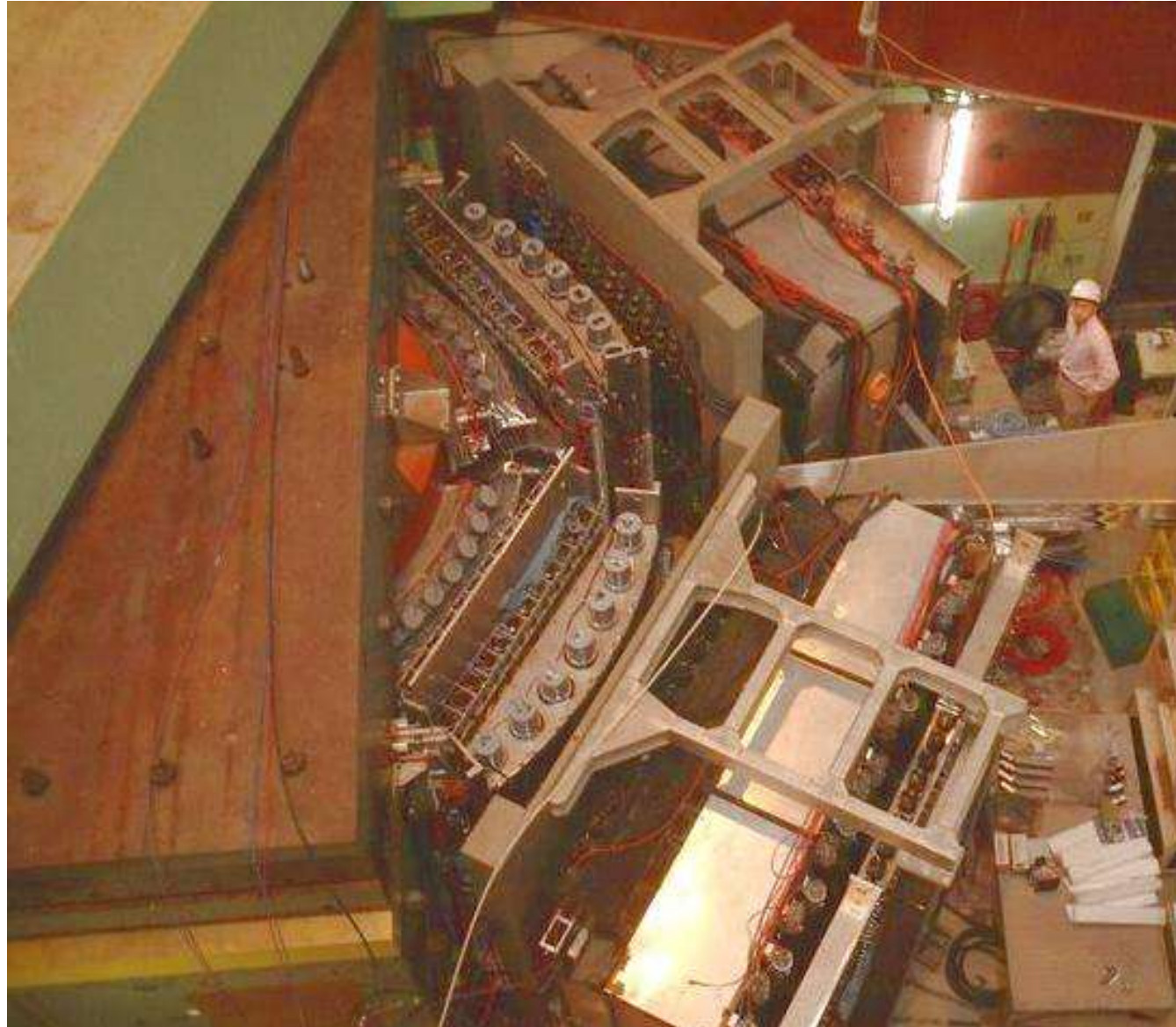
phenix run4 rawdata amount



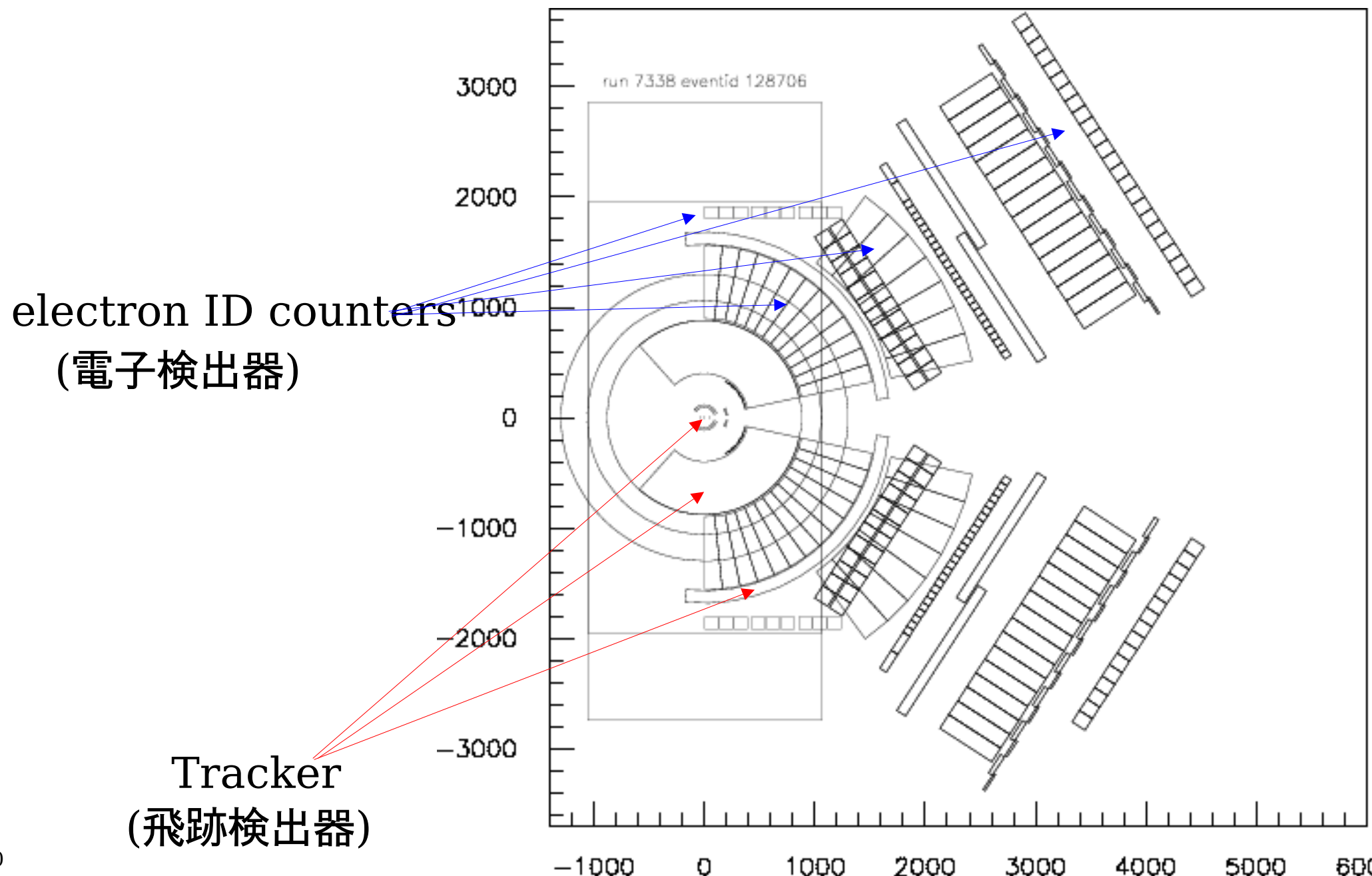
- 最大 5-6TB/day
 - DAQ : 100MB/sec

データ解析の流れの例

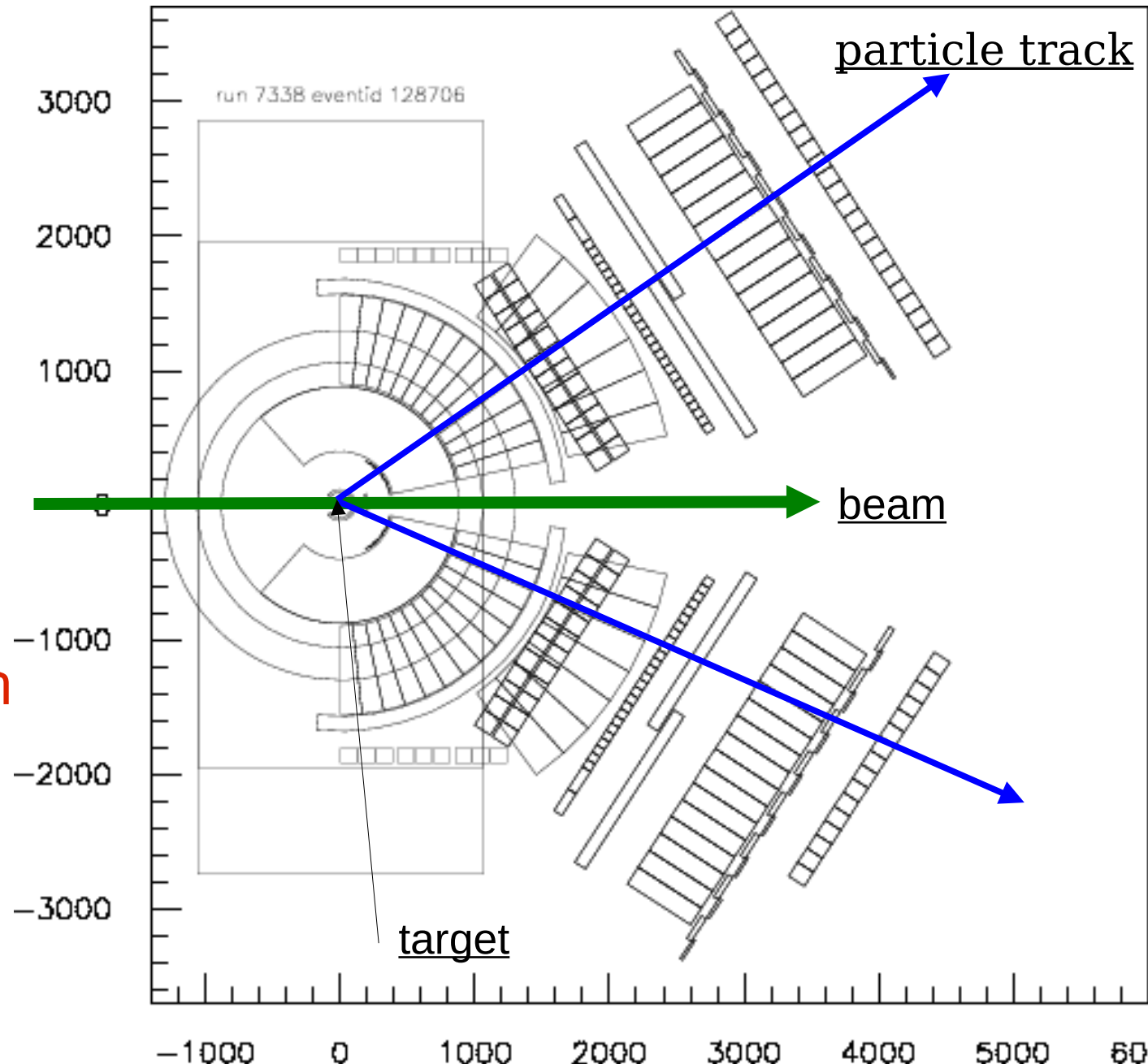
- E325 at KEK-PS
 - vector meson measurement
 - using electron pair



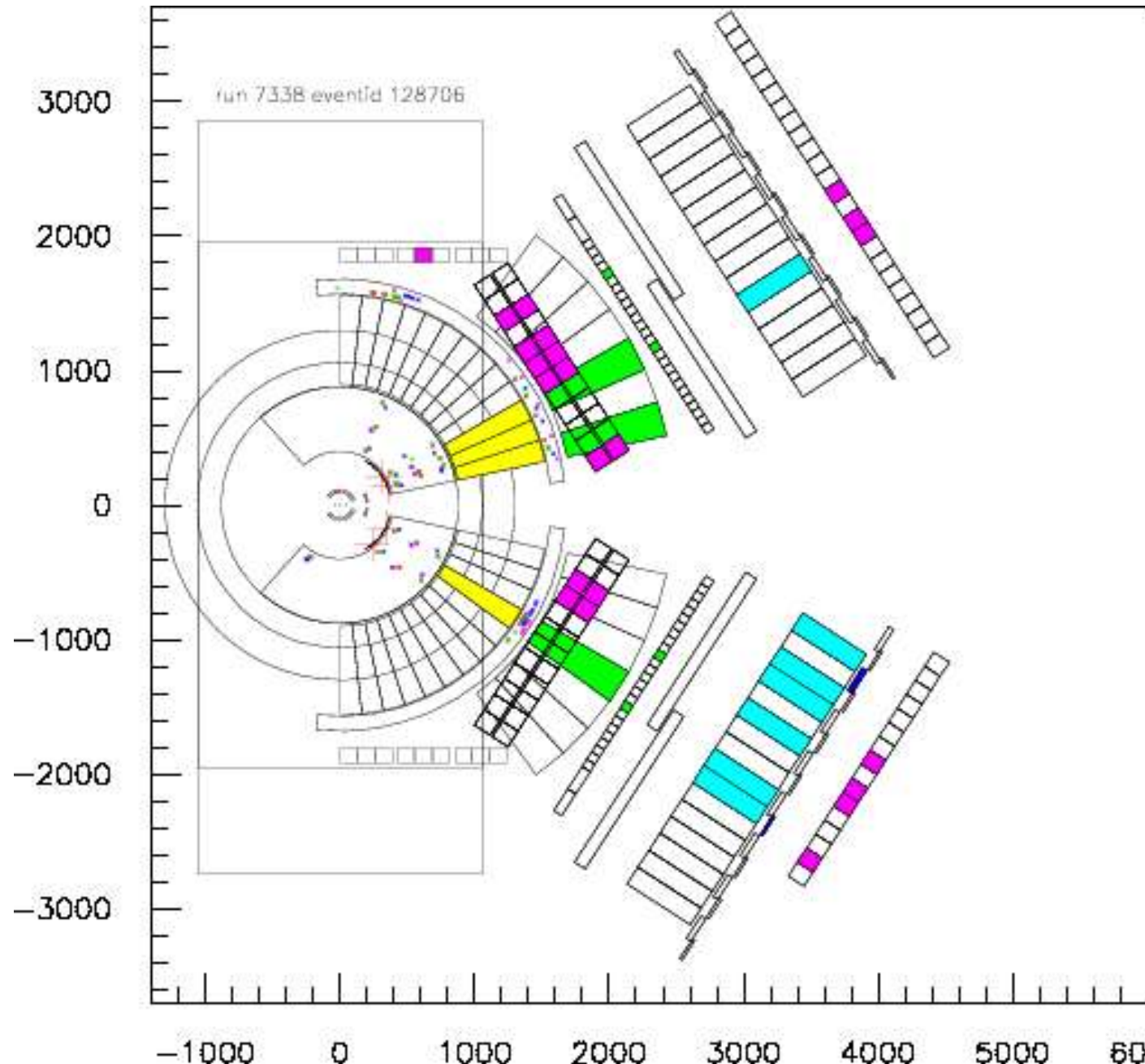
データ解析の流れ：検出器平面図



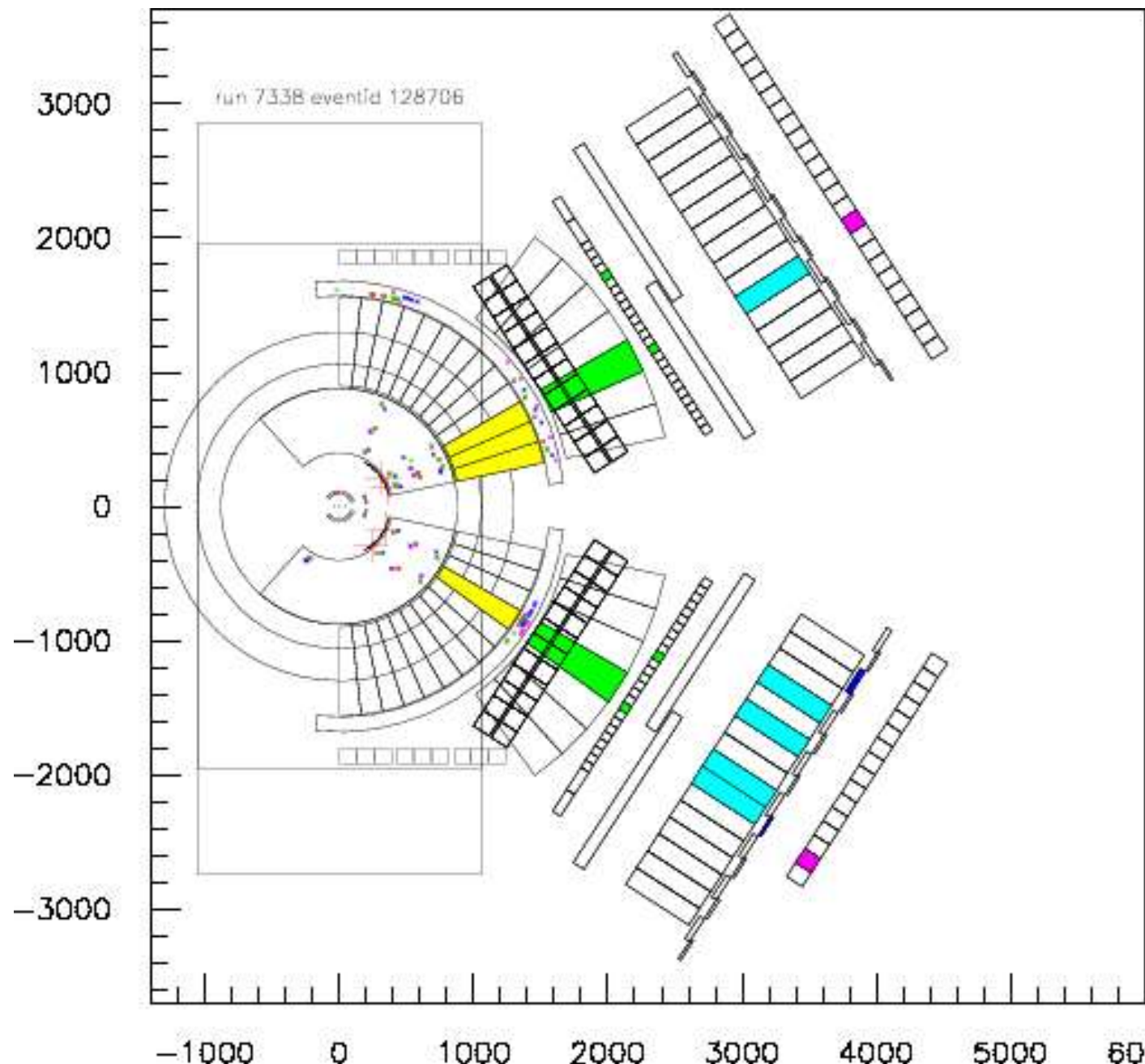
- Experiment
 - electron pair measurement
 - 3.5K channel
- raw data
 - from the digitize circuit
 - 2KB/event
 - 1.3TB/yr(month
 - need decoding & channel mapping



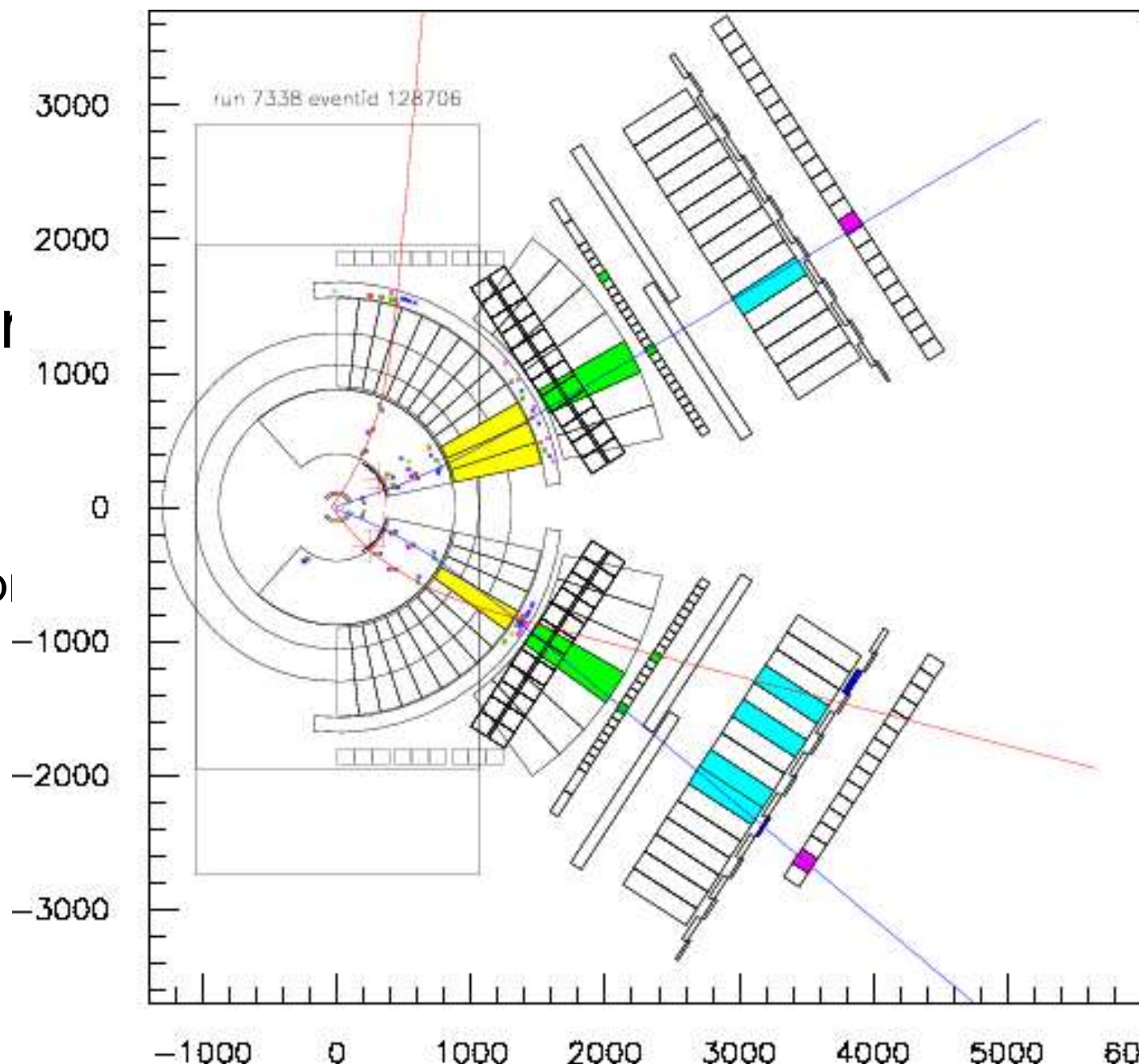
- raw data
 - channel mapping
 - detector hit information



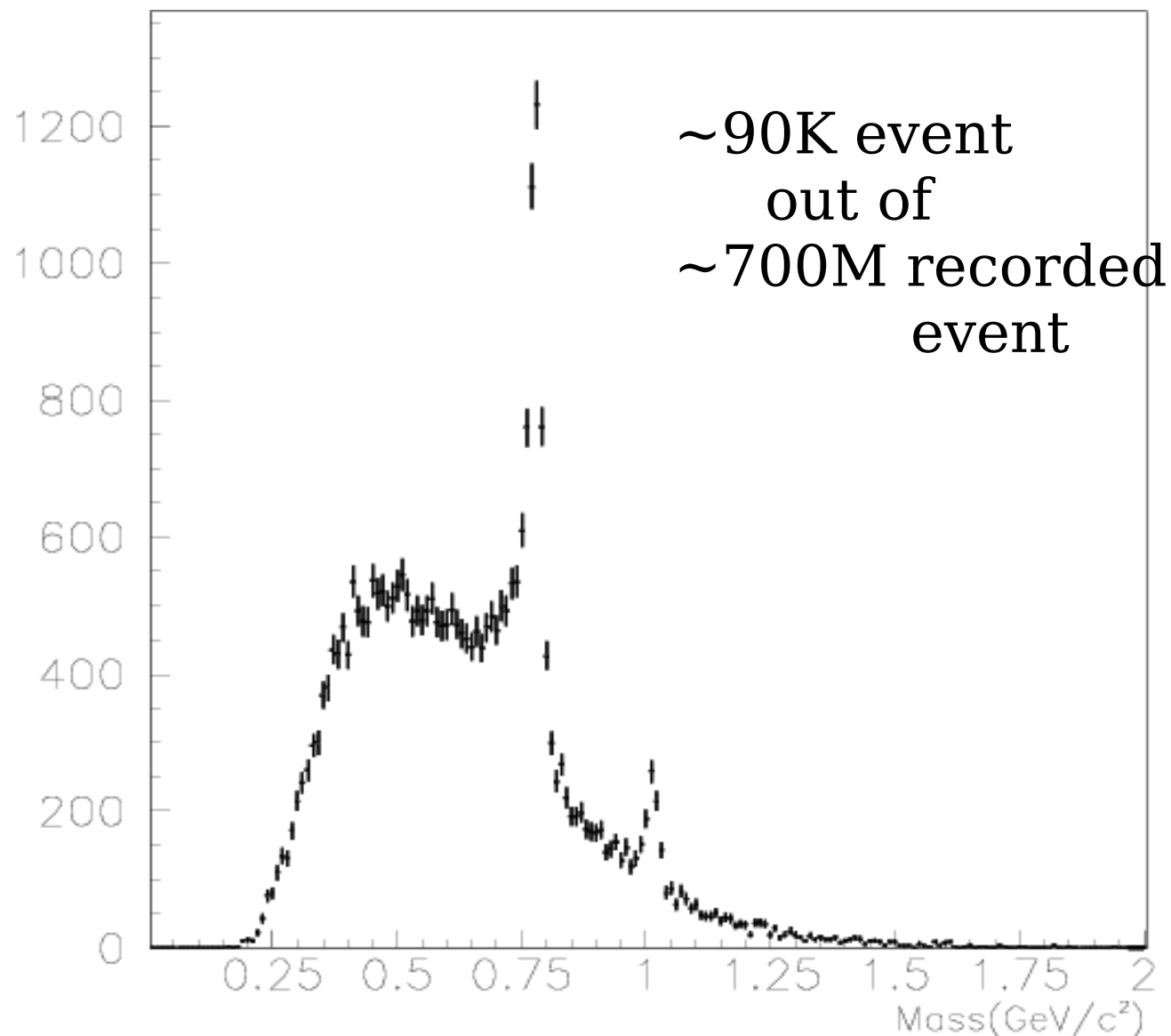
- raw data
- calibration
 - tracker hit position
 - pulse high-energy relation in EMCal
 - etc.



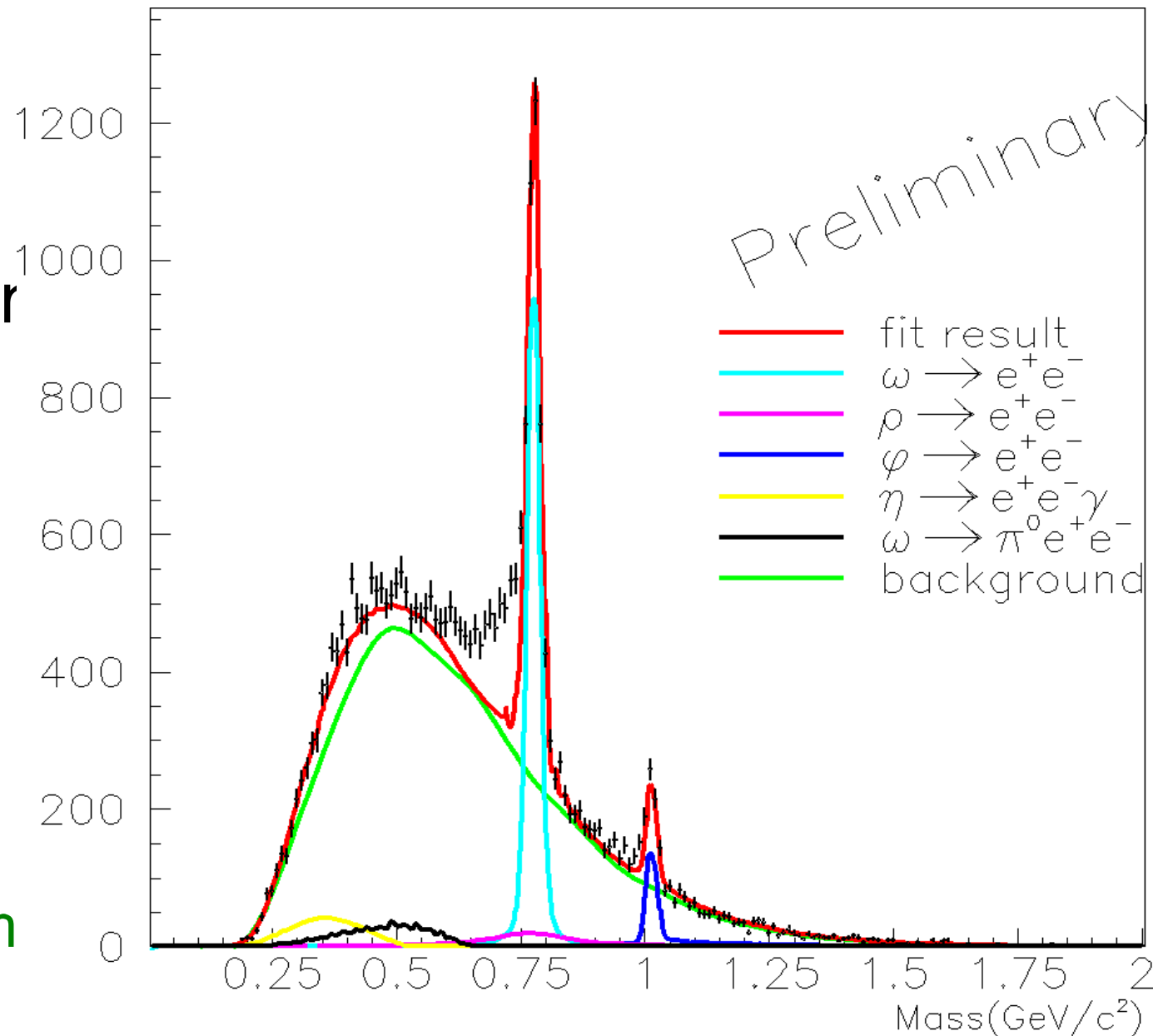
- raw data
- calibration
- track/event reconstruction
 - momentum
 - Particle ID
 - blue:electron
 - red : other
 - invariant mass of electron pair



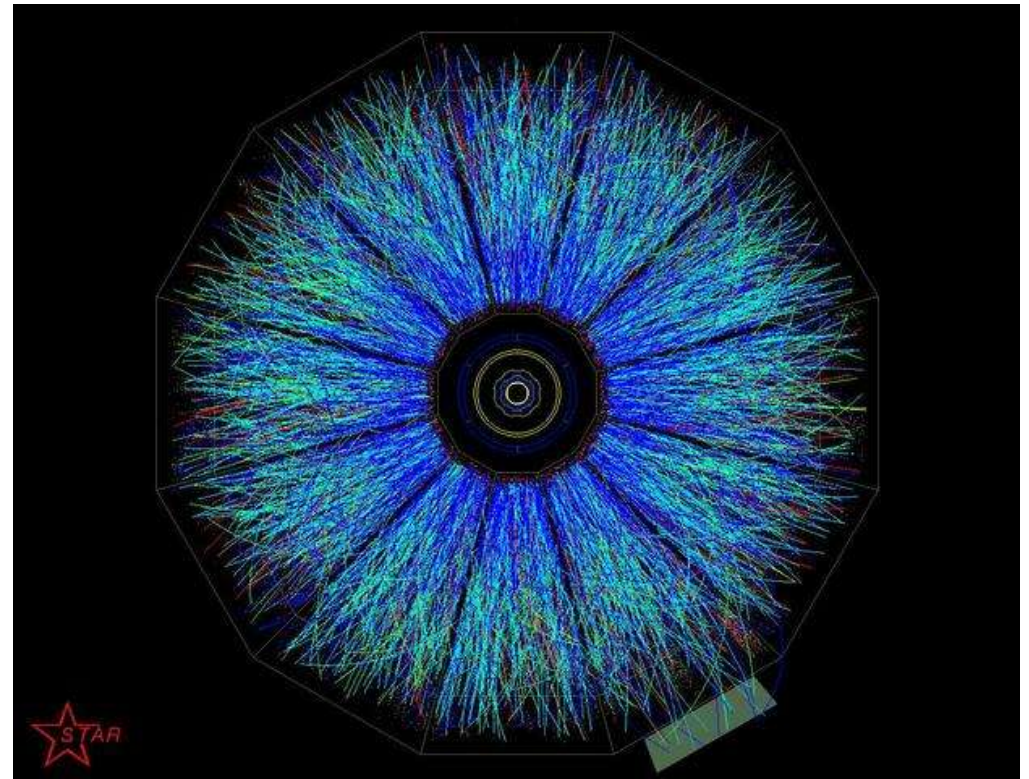
- raw data
- calibration
- event reconstruction
- mass spectra
 - ee invariant mass
 - accumulate events



- raw data
- calibration
- event reconstruction
- mass spectra
 - fitting
 - number
 - efficiency correction
- Physics:
 - cross section



event reconstruction in RHIC exp.

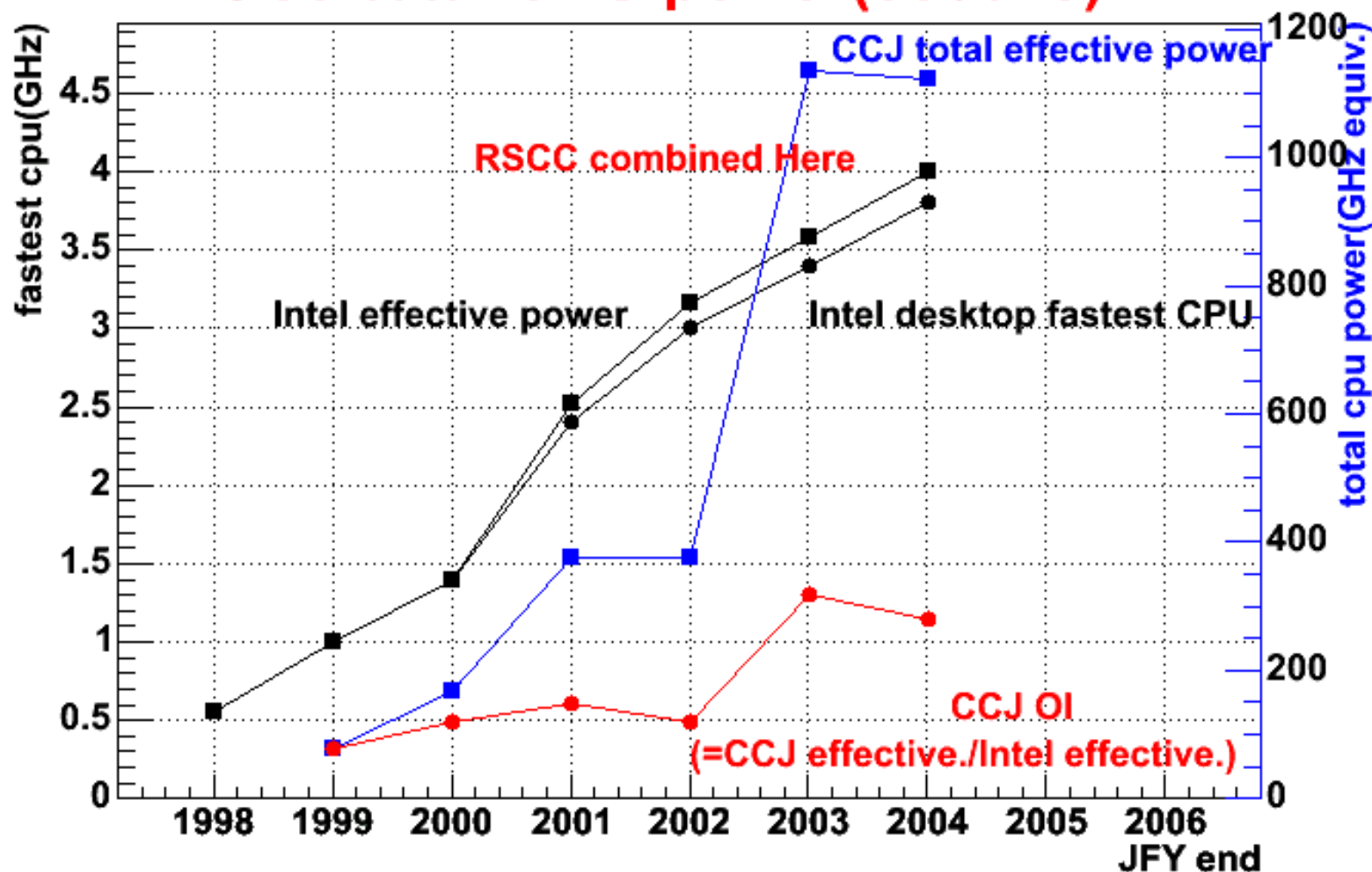


- PHENIX and STAR exp. reconstructed event
 - 300K channel, 300KB/event, 200TB/yr
 - (3.5K ch, 2KB/ev, 1.3TB/yr at KEK-PS E325)
- ~ 5 sec/event @ PentiumIII 1GHz
 - ~4500 CPU days for 77M event(~18TB) (Run2 AuAu v3 : 2001年データ実績)

RSCC/CCJの連携(1)

- CCJ : 332 CPU + RSCC pc2c 256 CPU
 - Power は 3 倍に。

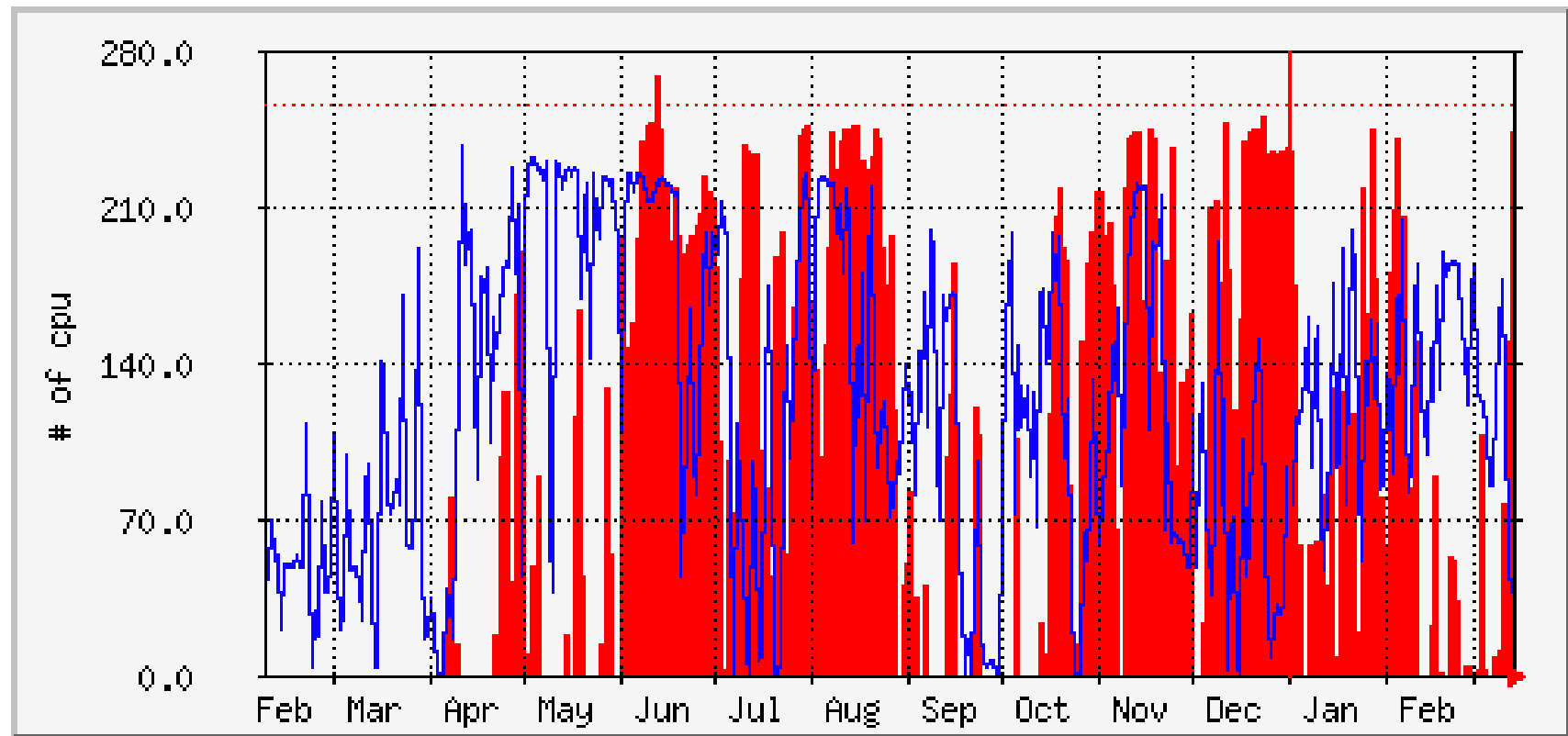
CCJ total CPU power(050315)



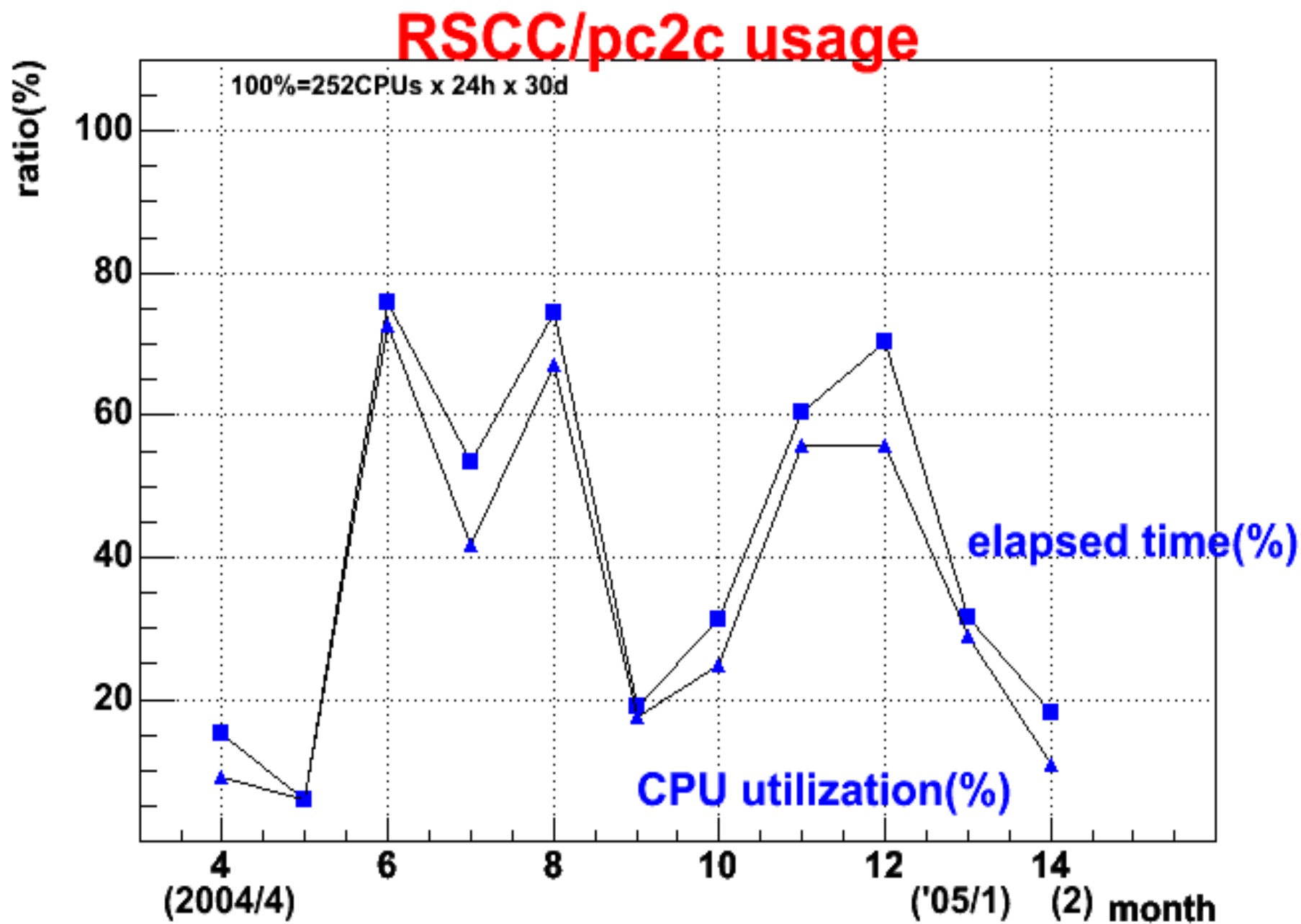
RSCC/CCJの連携(2)

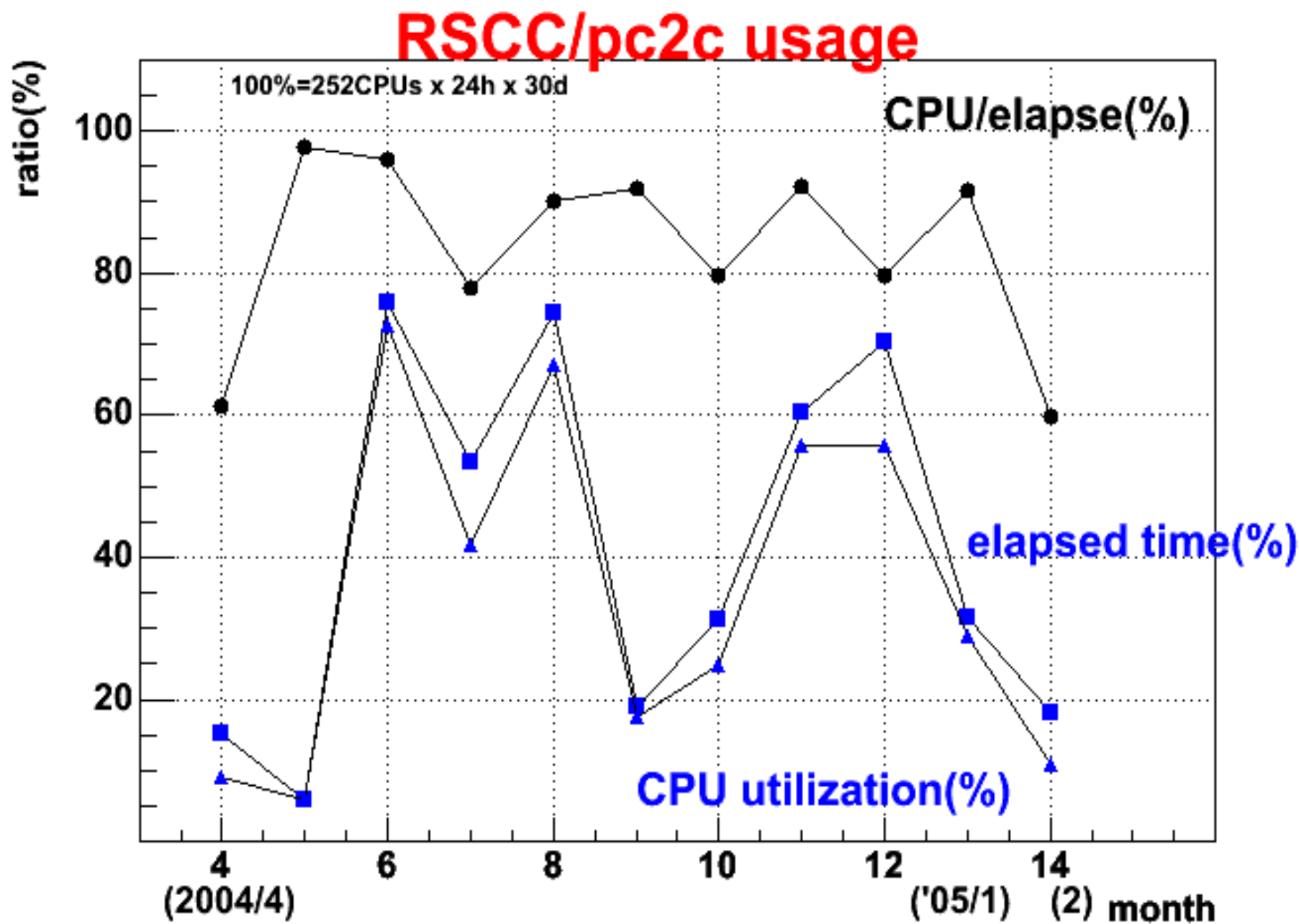
- PHENIX software 環境の共有
 - OS (Linux RH80→SL3)
 - NFS : ライブラリ 70GB
 - DB server (PostgreSQL)
 - 30TB raid
 - HPSS
- Batch queueing system
 - NQS → LSF
 - Jobの特徴
 - 2~3時間 x 1000 ~ 10000 job
 - User level Analysis / MC

RSCC/CCJ usage



- CPU
 - RSCC/CCJ
- 6月くらいから本格使用





これからの一年

- 4~6月 : ~200TB pp data
 - 5TB/day (= 60MB/sec) x 40 days
 - Networkで運ぶ予定
 - 1Gbps : RIKEN-BNL
 - 1TB/day で10TBくらいの実績はある(bbftp)
 - テスト中 (GridFTP, 7-800Mbps=~100MB/sec)
- 200TBの処理 (event再構成)
 - CCJ (200CPU + I/O 50MB/sec) : 72days
 - RSCC + I/O 100MB/sec : 30days
- CCJ
 - サーバ (NFS, etc) 系の更新
 - data転送

これから 5年後

- データ量は増える一方
 - 1 PB /year from PHENIX ?
 - LHC(CERN) : 1PB/year at 2007
- networkデータ転送
 - 5-10Gbps 1GB/sec = 86TB/day
- I/Oの分散
 - ただ読むだけで 1PB/70days = 160 MB/sec
 - これだけなら現行HPSSでいける。しかし、
 - 時間をCPUと 1:1でわけあうと 320 MB/sec
 - 10:1 1.6 GB/sec
 - (CPU+disk) farm using GRID

Back up

Spin Crisis... 核子スピンの起源の謎

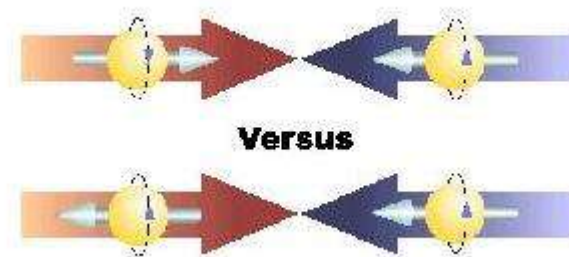
$$\text{proton spin} = 1/2 = (1/2)\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_Q + L_G$$

$\Delta\Sigma$: Quark Spin $\sim 0.2-0.3$

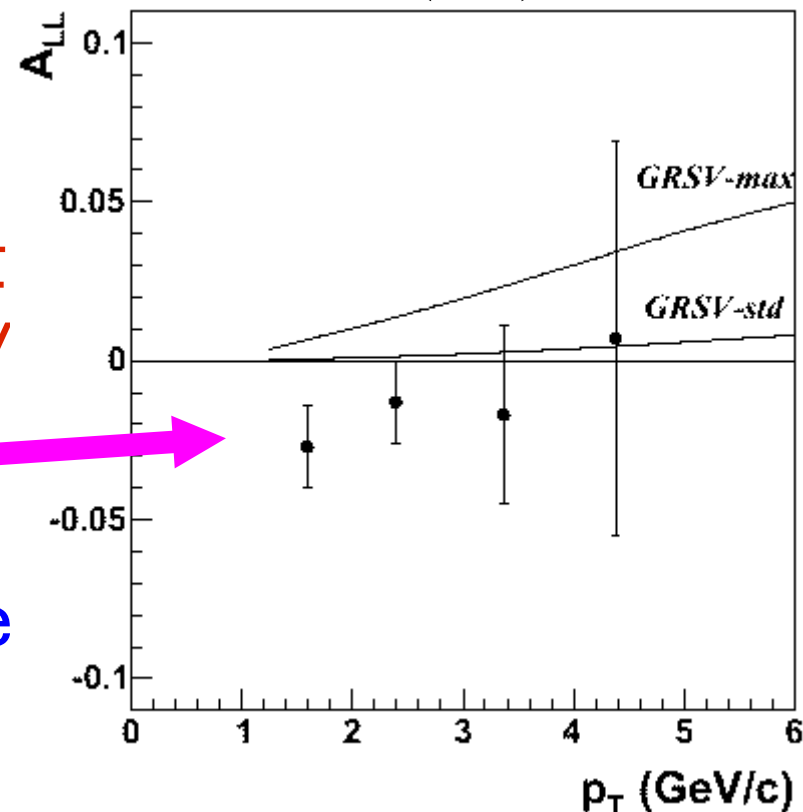
only pol. proton collider can
measure the gluon spin ΔG

- result of π^0 asymmetry
(from 2003 data)

- large negative value is not explained usual pQCD theory
- contribution of gluon is very small ??
- data accumulation should be done in 2005- run !

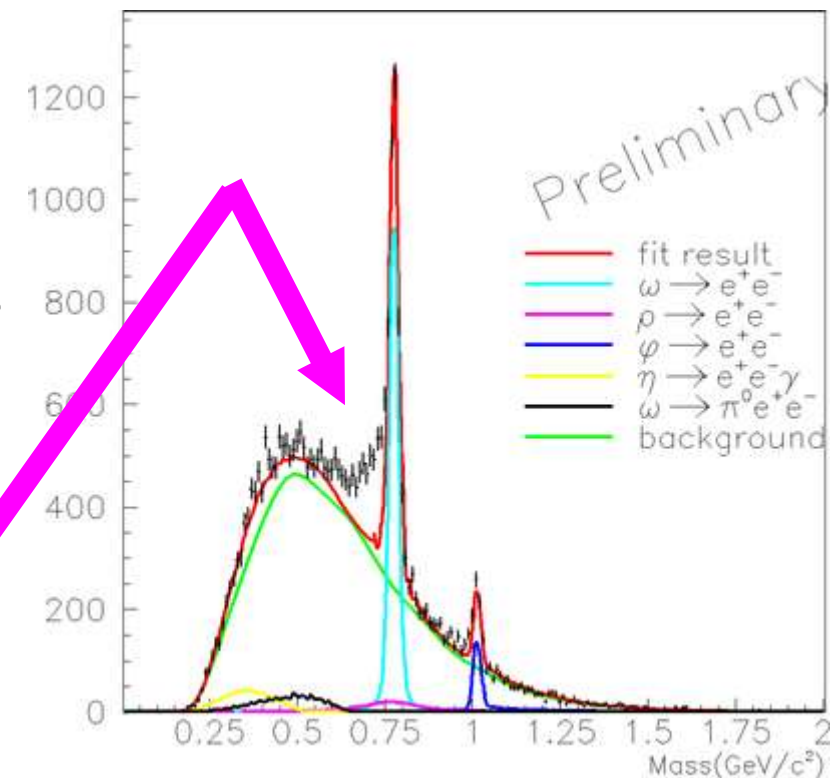
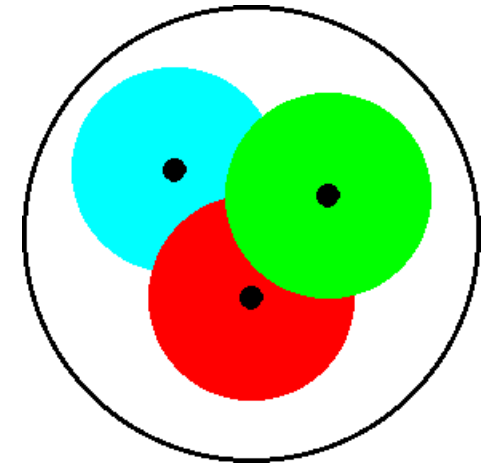


PRL93(04)202002



Chiral symmetry restoration in nuclear matter

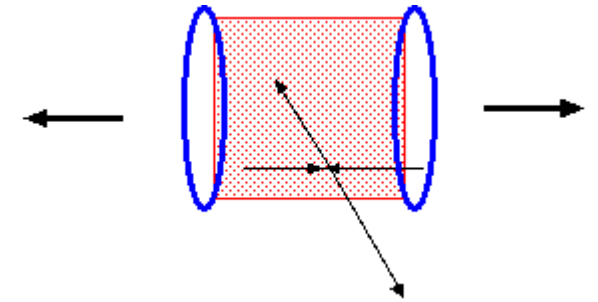
- vacuum structure in QCD
 - chiral symmetry is dynamically broken
 - origin of (constituent) quark and hadron mass
 - meson modification in hot and/or dense matter
- ee decay of vector mesons (ρ, ω, ϕ) in nuclei at 12GeV p+C/Cu reaction at KEK
 - ρ/ω meson modification is observed



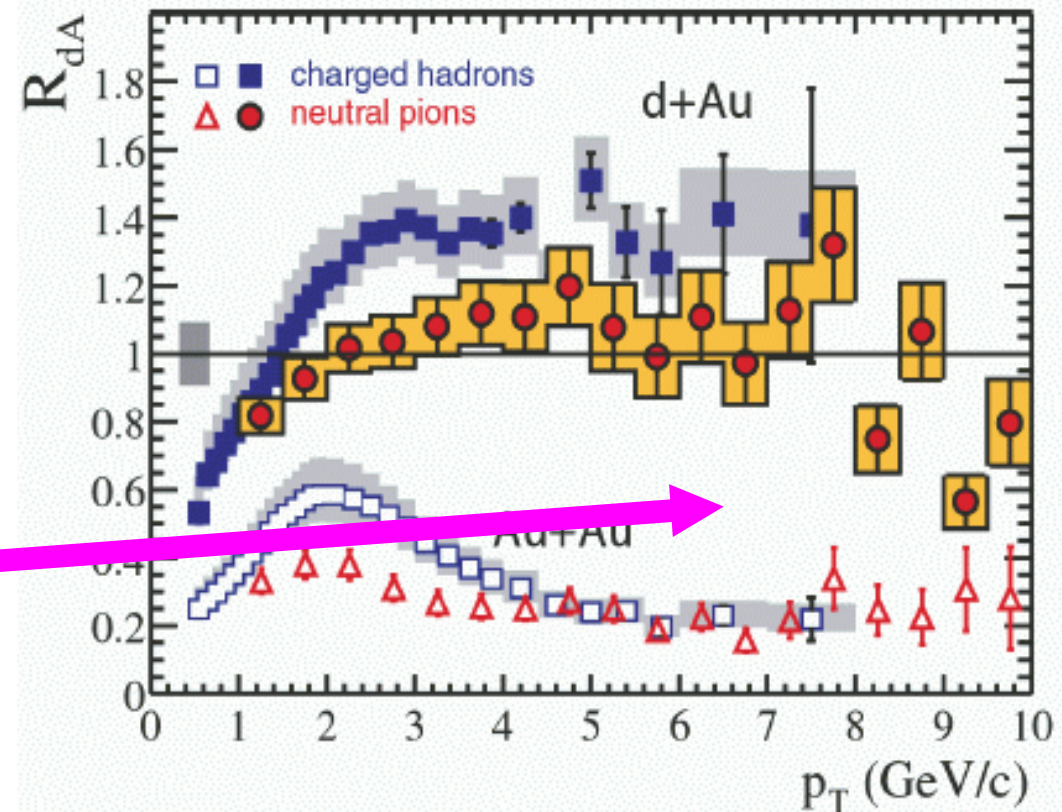
Suppression of High Pt particle

-Jet quenching in Quark Gluon Plasma-

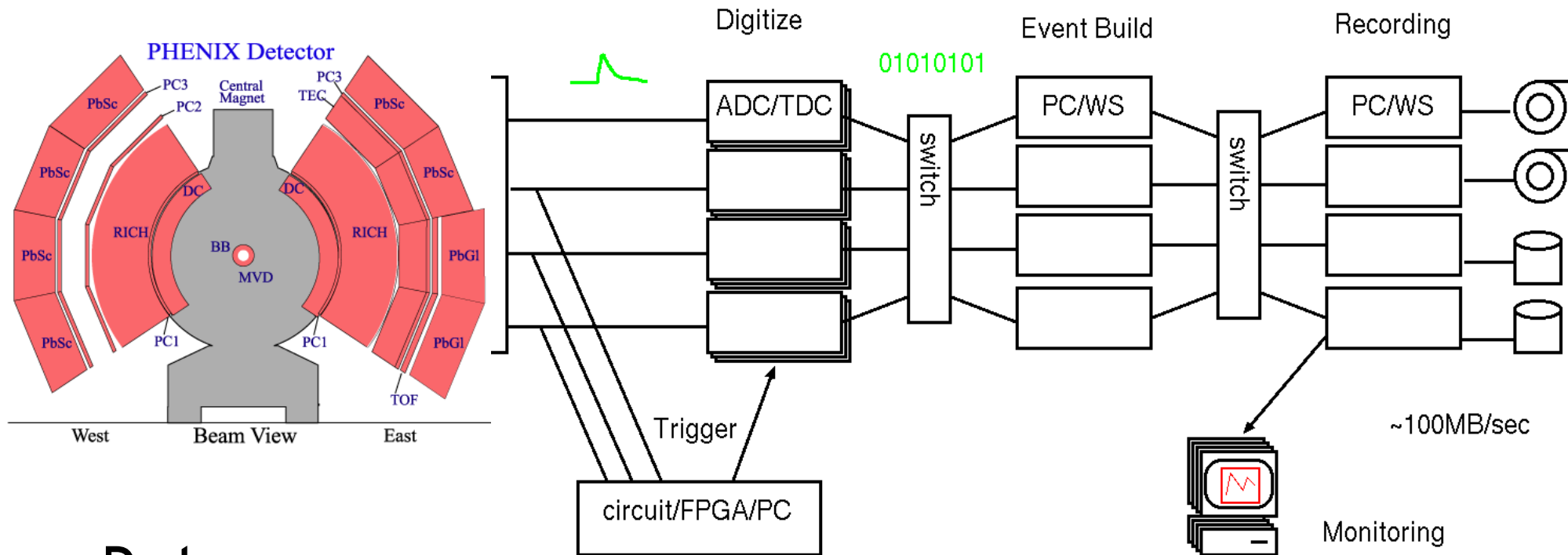
- Prediction : Jet is suppressed in QGP
 - parton energy loss in matter
- pion production cross section (normalized by pp data) in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200\text{GeV}$
 - Au+Au : suppressed in high Pt, in comparison with d+Au
 - centrality dependence also supports QGP picture



PRL91(2003)072303

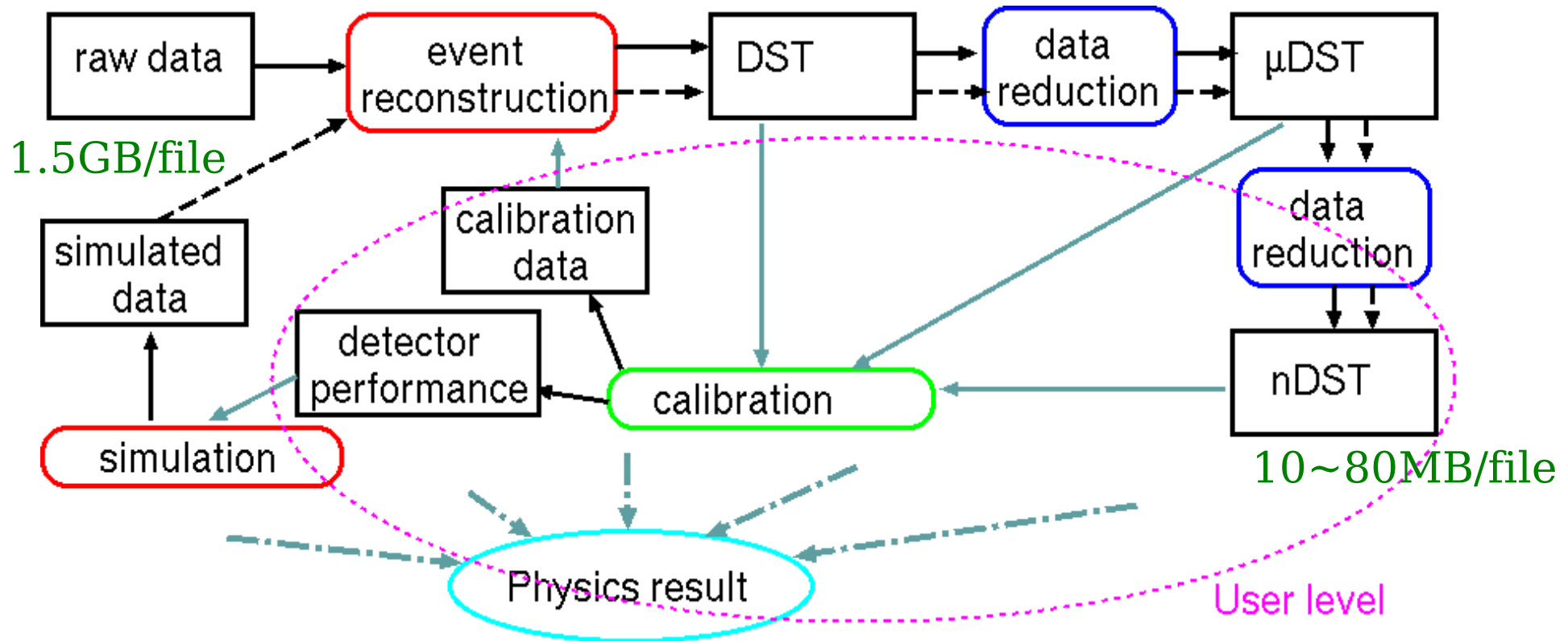


Data flow in accel. Exp.-online-



- Detector :
 - Energy, position, timing etc. of particles from reaction point
 - 300K channel @ PHENIX
- Event : set of data for one reaction
- data size : $\sim 300\text{KB/event}$, $\sim 220\text{TB/year}$ (Run-4 (2004))

offline analysis – PC cluster's role–



- CPU : **event reconstruction/simulation**, I/O : **data reduction**
 - **Particle track reconstruction under magnetic field : ~90%**
- event by event structure : no parallel calc. needed
- collaboration level work/ user level work