#### RIBF Data Format (RIDF) Nov. 12, 2010 Version 1.5

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# Version information

- 1.5 Status Data (with XML Comment)
- 1.4 Time stamp
- 1.3 Global block number
- 1.2 Global block ender
- 1.1 Definition of Segment ID
- 1.0 First version

# Types of blocks

- Global block
  - Contains the following blocks
  - A delimiter of data
- Event block
  - Contains segment blocks and scaler blocks
- Segment block
  - Contains acquired raw data
- Scaler block
  - Contains acquired scaler data
- Status block
  - Contains status data
- Comment block
  - Contains comments such as run information

# General rule (Header word)



#### 32bit

- Every block has this header
- Revision : Revision bit (2bit=4), 0 = Version 1.x
- Layer : The layer depth of this block (2bit=4)
- Class ID : Definition of this block
  - Data format of this block is determined by Class ID
- Block Size : Size of this block including this header
  - Short word unit, 22 Bit = 4 M
  - The maximum size of 1 Block is 8 MB
  - Usual size = 128 KB max.
- Address : Identification of the generator of this block (32bit)
  - It will corresponds to Event Fragment ID
  - Usually, only lowest 8 bits are used.

### For example, with event data



-	0	0	Block Size							
Address										
-	1	3	Event Size							
Address										
Event Number										
-	1	4	Segment Size							
Address										
Segment ID										
Data										

### For example, with status data

-	0	0 Block Size						
Address								
-	- 1 3 Event Size							
Address								
Event Number								
-	2	2 4 Segment Size						
Address								
Segment ID								
Data								
-	- 1 10 Status Size							
Address								
Status ID								
Status Data								

# **Hierarchical structure**

#### Block header

#### Event data

- Segment data
- Analyzed segment data
- Scaler data
- Status data
- Scaler data
- Status data
- Comment data

# **Class ID List**

0	Event Fragment	▶ 14	
1	Event Assembly	▶ 15	
2	Event Assembly Fragment	▶ 16	Time Stamp Data
3	Event	▶ 17	
4	Segment	▶ 18	
5	Comment	▶ 19	
6	Event with Time Stamp	▶ 20	
7		21	Status Data
8	Block Number	> 22	
9	End of Block	<b>&gt;</b> 23	
10		► 24	
11	Non Clear Scaler 24bit	<b>&gt;</b> 25	
12	Clear Scaler 24bit	▶ 26	
13	Non clear Scaler 32bit	> 27	

## Global block header



The delimiter of buffered data

# Global block ender

#### from version 1.2



The delimiter of buffered data (optional)

- To seek data from the end of file
- "Block size" = 6
- "Size of this block" equal to "Block size" of Global block header

# Global block number

#### from version 1.3



- Counter of the number of block (optional)
  - This header should insert the next of Global block header
  - The first block, which includes header comment only, does not have this header, usually

#### Event data header



## Event data with Time stamp

from version 1.4



- The depth of time stamp is 48 bit
  - When you use a long long int variable for the time stamp in a structure with 64 bit CPU, take care the total size of the structure and the pointer of the time stamp variable.



Segment ID is used by analysis software It should have a unique number (please refer next page)

# The rule of Segment ID

6bit	6bit	6bit	6bit	8bit
Revision	Device	FP	Detector	Module

Revision : Revision of Segment ID, 0 = Version 1

- Module : Unique number of ADC module
  - CAMAC 16bit=0, CAEN V785=21, ...
- Device : Indicates device
  - ▶ BigRIPS=0, ZDS=1, DALI=20 …
- FP : ID of Focal Plane
  - ▶ F1=1, F2=2, F3=3, ...
- Detector : ID of detector

▶ PPACQ=0, PPACT=1, PlasticQ=2, PlasticT=3,...

# Scaler data



Scaler ID should be same as Address

Date is the time since 1970, measured in seconds

#### Status data



Status ID 11 and 12 are from version 1.5

### Comment data



### Time stamp data

#### from version 1.4



Meaning = This event is made of these time stamped data

- EFN = only lowest 8bits
- This header should be put the next of Event header

## For example, event fragment









Block ender is not important for event build

### For example, event assembly

